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Anti-bullying Policy

Sharow CE Primary School

School statement on bullying

We believe that all people are made in the image of God and are unconditionally loved by God. Everyone is equal and we treat each other with dignity and respect. Our school is a place where everyone should be able to flourish in a loving and hospitable community.

Aims and purpose of the policy

- To ensure a secure and happy environment free from threat, harassment, discrimination or any type of bullying behaviour.
- To create an environment where all are treated with dignity and respect and where all members of the school community understand that bullying is not acceptable.
- To ensure a consistent approach to preventing, challenging and responding to incidents of bullying that occur.
- To inform pupils and parents of the school's expectations and to foster a productive partnership which helps to maintain a bullying-free environment.
- To outline our commitment to continuously improving our approach to tackling bullying by regularly monitoring and reviewing the impact of our preventative measures.



1. Definition of bullying

Bullying is hurtful, unkind or threatening behaviour which is deliberate and repeated. Bullying can be carried out by an individual or a group of people towards another individual or group, where the bully or bullies hold more power than those being bullied. If bullying is allowed it harms the perpetrator, the target and the whole school community and its secure and happy environment.

The nature of bullying can be:

- Physical (e.g. hitting, kicking, pushing or inappropriate/unwanted physical contact)
- Verbal (e.g. name calling, ridicule, comments)
- Cyber (e.g. messaging, social media, email)
- Emotional/indirect/segregation (e.g. excluding someone, spreading rumours)
- Visual/written (e.g. graffiti, gestures, wearing racist insignia)
- Damage to personal property
- Threat with a weapon
- Theft or extortion
- Persistent Bullying

Bullying can be based on any of the following things:

- Race (racist bullying)
- Sexual orientation (homophobic or biphobic)
- Special educational needs (SEN) or disability
- Culture or class
- Gender identity (transphobic)
- Gender (sexist bullying)
- Appearance or health conditions
- Religion or belief
- Related to home or other personal circumstances
- Related to another vulnerable group of people

2. Reporting bullying

Pupils are encouraged to speak to any adult in school if they are experiencing bullying. They may alternatively prefer to speak to another pupil, who could then relay the information to an adult.

Reporting bullying can be by telling, a note in the class 'listening box', messaging on Reading Plus, email or phone.

Reporting – roles and responsibilities



- **All adults in school** have a duty to challenge bullying (including HBT bullying and language) report bullying as soon as possible to the class teacher/headteacher, be vigilant to signs of bullying and play an active role in the school's efforts to prevent bullying.
- **The headteacher** has overall responsibility for ensuring that the anti-bullying policy is followed by all members of staff and that the school upholds its duty to promote the safety and wellbeing of everyone.
- **Parents/carers** have a responsibility to look out for signs of bullying (e.g. distress, feigning illness, lack of concentration). Parents and carers should support their child to report the bullying.
- **Parents/carers** should report bullying to the school either by phone, email or in person to either the class teacher or the headteacher.
- **Pupils** should not take part in any kind of bullying and should watch out for signs of bullying among their peers. Pupils should never be bystanders to incidents of bullying- they should offer support to the victim and encourage them to report it.

3. Responding to bullying

When bullying has been reported, the following actions will be taken:

- Staff will record the bullying incident centrally on Arbor.
- The Headteacher will monitor incident reporting recorded, analysing the results.
- The Headteacher will produce termly reports summarising the information which they will report to the governing body.
- Support will be offered to the target of the bullying from an appropriate member of the school team.
- Staff will proactively respond to the bully who may require support from the school team.
- Staff will assess whether parents and carers need to be involved.
- Staff will assess whether any other authorities (such as police or local authority) need to be involved, particularly when actions take place outside of school.

4. Bullying outside of school

Bullying is unacceptable and will not be tolerated, whether it takes place inside or outside of school. Bullying can take place on the way to and from school, before or after school hours, at the weekends or during school holidays, or in the wider community. The nature of cyber bullying in particular means that it can impact on pupils' wellbeing beyond the school day. Staff, parents and carers, and pupils must be vigilant to bullying outside of school and report and respond according to their responsibilities outlined in this policy. Working in partnership with parents and carers school will provide support to find a resolution.



5. Derogatory language

Derogatory or offensive language is not acceptable and will not be tolerated. This type of language can take any of the forms of bullying listed in our definition of bullying. It will be challenged by staff and recorded and monitored on Arbor and followed up with actions and sanctions, if appropriate. Action will be taken for pupils and staff found using any such language. Staff are also encouraged to record the casual use of derogatory language using informal mechanisms.

6. Prejudice based incidents

A prejudice-based incident is a one-off incident of unkind or hurtful behaviour that is motivated by a prejudice or negative attitudes, beliefs or views towards a protected characteristic or minority group. It can be targeted towards an individual or group of people and have a significant impact on those targeted. All prejudice-based incidents are taken seriously and recorded and monitored in school, with the headteacher regularly reporting incidents to the governing body. This not only ensures that all incidents are dealt with accordingly, but also helps to prevent bullying as it enables targeted anti-bullying interventions.

7. School strategies to prevent and tackle bullying

We use a range of measures to prevent and tackle bullying including:

- Our school vision is at the heart of everything we do and ensures that all members of the school community are revered and respected as members of a community where all are known and loved by God.
- The PSHE curriculum includes opportunities for pupils to understand about different types of bullying and what they can do to respond and prevent bullying. It also includes opportunities for pupils to learn to value themselves, value others and appreciate and respect difference.
- Collective worship explores the importance of inclusivity, dignity and respect as well as other themes that play a part in challenging bullying.
- Through a variety of planned activities and time across the curriculum pupils are given the opportunity to gain self-confidence and develop strategies to speak up for themselves and express their own thoughts and opinions.
- Class discussions provide opportunities to address issues that may arise in class and for teachers to target specific interventions and is used when required.
- Stereotypes are challenged by staff and pupils across the school.
- Restorative justice systems provide support to targets of bullying and those who show bullying behaviour.
- Pupils are involved in developing school-wide anti-bullying initiatives through consultation with the school council and Wellbeing Ambassadors.
- Working with parents and carers, and in partnership with community organisations to tackle bullying where appropriate.



8. Training

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that all school staff (including teaching assistants and midday supervisors) receive training and updates on all aspects of the anti-bullying policy.

9. Monitoring the policy

The headteacher is responsible for monitoring the policy on a day-to-day basis. The headteacher is responsible for monitoring and analysing the recorded data on bullying. Any trends should be noted and reported.

10. Evaluating and reviewing

The headteacher is responsible for reporting to the governing body (and the local authority where applicable) on how the policy is being enforced and upheld, via the termly report. The governors are in turn responsible for evaluating the effectiveness of the policy via the termly report and by in-school monitoring such as learning walks and focus groups with pupils. If further improvements are required, the school policies and anti-bullying strategies should be reviewed.

The policy is reviewed every 12 months.

11. Further advice and support

Anti-bullying Alliance	Anti-Bullying Alliance
Kidscape	Help With Bullying Bullying Advice Kidscape
NSPCC	Helping Children Deal with Bullying & Cyberbullying NSPCC