

	Science Progression in Knowledge								
EYFS	KS1		LK ORANGE = Year 3 obje		ORANGE = Year 5 objectives GREEN= Year 6 objectives				
			GREEN= Year 4 object	ives					
	Year 1 Expected	Year 2 Expected	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B			
Animals including hu	mans								
To comment and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world.	Identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals.	Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults.	Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat. Describe the simple functions of basic parts of the digestive system in humans. Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions.		Describe the changes as humans develop to old age. Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood				
To shows care and concern for living things and the environment.	Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores.	Find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival	Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement		Recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle and the way their bodies function				

			Construct and interpret a		
			variety of food chains,		
			identifying producers,		
			predators and prey.		
To make observations of	Describe and compare	Describe the importance		Describe the ways in	
animals and plants and	the structure of a variety	for humans of exercise,		which nutrients and	
explain why some things					
occur, and talk about	of common animals	eating the right amounts		water are transported	
changes.		of different types of		within animals including	
changes.		food, and hygiene.		humans	
Curricular Aims:	Identify, name, draw and				
Nursery:	label the basic parts of				
Talk about my immediate	the human body and say				
family and experiences					
that I have had chatting	which part of the body is				
in everyday play and	associated with each				
focused sessions,	sense.				
showing the ability to					
concentrate, think					
through and extend					
ideas and real and					
imaginary thoughts with					
others.					
Reception:					
Show curiosity about the					
world in which I live and					
talk about my local area.					
Share own knowledge					
and ask questions of					
others to find out more					
Appreciate some					
similarities and					
differences between,					
lives, cultures and					
religions, both where I					
live and around the					
world.					
	in habitata				
Living things and the	ar nabitats	France and C	December the 1971		December the 1966
Curricular Aims:		Explore and compare the	Recognise that living		Describe the differences
Nursery:		differences between	things can be grouped in		in the life cycles of a
Talk about my immediate		things that are living,	a variety of ways.		mammal, an amphibian,
family and experiences		dead, and things that			an insect and a bird.
that I have had chatting		have never been alive.			
in everyday play and					
focused sessions,					

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showing the ability to concentrate, think					Describe how living things are classified into
through and extend					broad groups according
ideas and real and					to common observable
imaginary thoughts with					
others.					characteristics and based
Reception:					on similarities and
Show curiosity about the					differences, including
world in which I live and					micro-organisms , plants
talk about my local area.					and animals
Share own knowledge					
and ask questions of					
others to find out more					
Appreciate some similarities and					
differences between,					
lives, cultures and					
religions, both where I					
live and around the					
world.					
		Identify that most living			Describe the life process
		things live in habitats to	Explore and use		of reproduction in some
		which they are suited	classification keys to help		plants and animals.
		and describe how	group, identify and name		•
		different habitats	a variety of living things		Give reasons for
		provide for the basic	in their local and wider		classifying plants and
		needs of different kinds	environment.		animals based on specific
		of animals and plants,			characteristics
		and how they depend on			
		each other.			
		Identify and name a	Recognise that		
		variety of plants and	environments can		
		animals in their habitats,	change and that this can		
		including micro-habitats.	sometimes pose dangers		
		<u> </u>	to living things.		
		Describe how animals			
		obtain their food from			
		plants and other animals,			
		using the idea of a simple			
		food chain, and identify			
		and name different			
		sources of food.			
Evolution and inherit	ance				

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Curricular Aims:			Recognise that living	
Nursery:			things have changed over	
Talk about my immediate			time and that fossils	
family and experiences			provide information	
that I have had chatting			about living things that	
in everyday play and			inhabited the Earth	
focused sessions,				
showing the ability to			millions of years ago.	
concentrate, think				
through and extend				
ideas and real and				
imaginary thoughts with				
others.				
Reception:				
Show curiosity about the				
world in which I live and				
talk about my local area.				
Share own knowledge				
and ask questions of				
others to find out more				
Appreciate some				
similarities and				
differences between,				
lives, cultures and				
religions, both where I				
live and around the				
world.				
			Recognise that living	
			things produce offspring	
			of the same kind but	
			normally offspring vary	
			and are not identical to	
			their parents.	
			Identify how animals and	
			plants are adapted to	
			suit their environment in	
			different ways and that	
			adaptation may lead to	
			evolution.	

To talk about some of the things they have observed such as plants, animals, natural and found objects.	Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees.	Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants.	Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers.	
To develop an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time.	Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees.	Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.	Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant.	
Curricular Aims: Nursery: Talk about my immediate family and experiences that I have had chatting in everyday play and focused sessions, showing the ability to concentrate, think through and extend ideas and real and imaginary thoughts with others. Reception: Show curiosity about the world in which I live and talk about my local area. Share own knowledge and ask questions of others to find out more Appreciate some similarities and differences between, lives, cultures and religions, both where I live and around the world.			Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants.	

To shows care and concern for living things and the environment.				Explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal.	
Everyday Materials	and their uses & prop	perties and changes of	f materials		
To choose different materials for a particular purpose.	Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made.	Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses.			Compare/group together materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity and response to magnets
To understand and talk about similarities and differences in relation to different materials.	Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock.	Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.			Know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution and describe how to recover a substance from a solution.
Curricular Aims: Nursery: Talk about my immediate family and experiences that I have had chatting in everyday play and focused sessions, showing the ability to concentrate, think through and extend ideas and real and imaginary thoughts with others. Reception: Show curiosity about the world in which I live and talk about my local area. Share own knowledge and ask questions of others to find out more Appreciate some similarities and differences between, lives, cultures and religions, both where I	Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials.				Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated: using filtering, sieving and evaporating. Give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials

live and around the				
world.				
	Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.			Demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes.
				Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda
States of Matter				
Curricular Aims: Nursery: Talk about my immediate family and experiences that I have had chatting in everyday play and focused sessions, showing the ability to concentrate, think through and extend ideas and real and imaginary thoughts with others. Reception: Show curiosity about the world in which I live and talk about my local area. Share own knowledge			Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases	

and ask questions of others to find out more Appreciate some similarities and differences between, lives, cultures and religions, both where I live and around the world.				
			Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled and measure the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius.	
			Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature.	
Curricular Aims: Nursery: Talk about my immediate family and experiences that I have had chatting in everyday play and focused sessions, showing the ability to concentrate, think through and extend ideas and real and imaginary thoughts with others. Reception: Show curiosity about the world in which I live and talk about my local area. Share own knowledge and ask questions of others to find out more Appreciate some similarities and differences between,		Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties.		

lives, cultures and				
religions, both where I				
live and around the				
world.				
		Describe in simple terms		
		how fossils are formed		
		when things that have		
		lived are trapped within		
		rock.		
		Recognise that soils are		
		made from rocks and		
		organic matter.		
Seasonal Changes				
To comment and asks	Observe and describe			
questions about aspects	weather associated with			
of their familiar world	the seasons and how day			
such as the place where	length varies.			
they live or the natural				
world.				
Curricular Aims:	Observe changes across			
Nursery:	the four seasons.			
Talk about my immediate				
family and experiences				
that I have had chatting				
in everyday play and focused sessions,				
showing the ability to				
concentrate, think				
through and extend				
ideas and real and				
imaginary thoughts with				
others.				
Reception:				
Show curiosity about the				
world in which I live and				
talk about my local area.				
Share own knowledge				
and ask questions of				
others to find out more				
Appreciate some				
similarities and				
differences between,				
lives, cultures and				
religions, both where I				

live and around the			
world.			
Light			
Curricular Aims: Nursery: Talk about my immediate family and experiences that I have had chatting in everyday play and focused sessions, showing the ability to concentrate, think through and extend ideas and real and imaginary thoughts with others. Reception: Show curiosity about the world in which I live and talk about my local area. Share own knowledge and ask questions of others to find out more Appreciate some similarities and differences between, lives, cultures and religions, both where I live and around the world.		Recognise that they need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light.	Recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines.
		Notice light is reflected from surfaces. Recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their	Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye. Explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light
		eyes. Recognise that shadows are formed when light from a source is blocked by a solid object.	sources to objects and then to our eyes. Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them.

		Find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change.	
Sound		3	
Curricular Aims: Nursery: Talk about my immediate family and experiences that I have had chatting in everyday play and focused sessions, showing the ability to concentrate, think through and extend ideas and real and imaginary thoughts with others. Reception: Show curiosity about the world in which I live and talk about my local area. Share own knowledge and ask questions of others to find out more Appreciate some similarities and differences between, lives, cultures and religions, both where I live and around the		Identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating.	
world.			
world.		Recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear	
		Find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it.	
Forces and Magnets		Recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases.	

Curricular Aims: Nursery: Talk about my immediate family and experiences that I have had chatting in everyday play and focused sessions, showing the ability to concentrate, think through and extend ideas and real and imaginary thoughts with others. Reception: Show curiosity about the world in which I live and talk about my local area. Share own knowledge and ask questions of others to find out more Appreciate some similarities and differences between, lives, cultures and religions, both where I live and around the world.		Compare how things move on different surfaces. Notice some forces need contact between 2 objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance	Explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object.	
		Observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others.	Identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance, and friction that act between moving surfaces.	
		Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials.	Recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.	
		Describe magnets as having two poles. Predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each		

		other, depending on which poles are facing.		
Electricity				
Curricular Aims: Nursery: Talk about my immediate family and experiences that I have had chatting in everyday play and focused sessions, showing the ability to concentrate, think through and extend ideas and real and imaginary thoughts with others. Reception: Show curiosity about the world in which I live and talk about my local area. Share own knowledge and ask questions of others to find out more Appreciate some similarities and differences between, lives, cultures and religions, both where I live and around the world.			Identify common appliances that run on electricity.	Associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit.
			Construct a simple series circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers. Identify whether a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery.	Compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches Use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram.
			Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit	

		and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit. Recognise common conductors / insulators and associate metals with being good conductors.		
Earth and Space Curricular Aims: Nursery: Talk about my immediate family and experiences that I have had chatting in everyday play and focused sessions, showing the ability to concentrate, think through and extend ideas and real and imaginary thoughts with others. Reception: Show curiosity about the world in which I live and talk about my local area. Share own knowledge and ask questions of others to find out more Appreciate some similarities and differences between, lives, cultures and religions, both where I live and around the world.			Describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system. Describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth.	
			Describe the Sun,	

		Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies.	
		Use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky.	